

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Rane Precision Die Casting Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheets as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 and the related statements of loss, stockholder's (deficit) equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 and the results of its operations, stockholder's (deficit) equity and the cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Atlanta, Georgia May 07, 2019 Rane Pracision Die Casting Inc. Balance sheets as on March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018

Particulars	Note	As at	(In Rs
A. ASSETS	No.	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Non-Current Assets	- I - J	İ	
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	421,795,983	416,651,7
(b) Capital Work in Progress	2	34,927,183	22,047,34
(c) Financial Assets	1 1	, ,	22,011,0
(I) Other financial assets	3	17,922,694	19,795,30
(d) Other Non Current Assets	4 1	70,000,934	44,769,0
Total non-current assets	1 [544,646,794	503,264,20
	1 [- 4-7-5-1/21
Current Assets	1 1		
(a) Inventories	5	170,799,013	167,726,4
(b) Financial Assets		, ,	101,720,4
(I) Investments	1 1		
(I) Trade Receivables	7	248,289,466	220 BBE E
(II) Cash and Cash Equivalents	ا ہ ا	21,226,848	320,985,5
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	lel	24,220,046	3,221,9
(d) Other Current Assets	انة ا	21,926,449	1,977,0
Total current assets	_	462,241,776	4,071,9
•		102,242,776	497,982,91
TOTAL ASSETS		1,006,888,570	1,001,247,15
B. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(a) Equity Share Capital	ا ہا	[
(b) Convertible non-participating preference capital	9	6,834	6,8
(c) Other Equity	1	.	-
Total equity	10	(\$7,566,586)	(38,544,1
	-	(57,559,752)	(38,537,28
Liabilities	1 i		
Non-Current Liabilities	1 1		
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	111	co 1=4 ===	
(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	15	69,179,976	97,755,00
(c) Other non-current liabilities	14	4-4	-
Total non-current liabilities	i '" ├─	666,740	12,726,38
	1 1-	69,840,718	110,481,38
Current Liabilities	1 1		
(a) Financial Liabilities	1 1	1	
(I) Borrowings	11		
(II) Trade Payables	11	518,850,000	482,258,00
(III) Other financial Liabilities	12	248,177,355	222,663,98
(b) Other Current Liabilities	13	56,225,727	63,128,10
Tatal current Habilities	14	171,348,522	161,253,00
otal current ((apint(as	l	994,601,604	929,303,10
	1 1	}	
Total Liabilities	1 1	1,064,446,322	1,039,784,48
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	 	1,006,868,570	
		2,000,000,070	1,001,247,19

For KNAV P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Atul Deskmukk Atul Deshmukh Partner Licensed in Georgia

Place: Atlanta Date: May 07, 2019

For and on bihalf of the Board of Directors of Rane Precision

Director

Parthasarathy Director

D Madhusudhan Director

Place: Dale: Hay 07, 20 19

Place: Date: Hayo7, 2019

Place: Date: 142 y 67, 2019

Brett Stevenson Director

Sagar Kota Financial controller & Secretary

Place: Hayo7, 2019

Place: #10407,2019

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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. Statements of loss for the years ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018

S.No	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
1	Revenues from Operations (Net)	16	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,890
Ü	Other Income	17	9,399,435	1,930,440
ıı	Total Income (I+II)	^"	1,853,042,358	1,860,672,330
ıv	Expenses:	1 1		
	Cost of materials consumed		655,298,099	587,744,152
	Purchases of Stock-In-Trade Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	l I	~ {	-
	and stock in trade	18	(6,691,820)	(4,193,086)
	Excise duty on sale of goods	! I		
	Employee benefits expense	19	817,182,673	033,527,041
	Finance costs	20	38,950,596	28,429,379
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	21	129,214,089	115,396,149
	Impairment loss on financial assats		- 1	-
	Reversal of Impairment loss on financial assets		- 1	-
	Rectification Costs	l I		
	Other expenses	22	503,996,778	517,742,851
	Total Expenses (IV)		2,217,950,415	2,078,645,486
v	Profit before tax (III-IV)		(364,908,057)	(217,974,156)
VI	Tax Expense:	1 1		
	(1) Current Tax	23	920,634	(1,748,052
	(2) Deferred Tax	23	- 1	(23,144,758)
	(3) Prior period deferred Tax	ì!		
			920,634	(24,892,810)
VII	Profit for the year from continuing operations(V-VI)		(365,628,691)	(193,081,346)
VIII	Profit from discontinued operations before tax		-	•
1X	Tax expense of discontinued operations		-	•
	Profit from discontinued operations after tax (VIII-	1		
х	(XX)	1		
XI	Profit for the year (VII + X)		(365,828,691)	(193,081,346)
	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A. I) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		,]	•
	a) Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	,ļ	(1,571,982)	283,023
	b) Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans		21,127,295	10,479,075
XII	Total other comprehensive income (A(I-II)+B(I-II))		19,555,314	10,762,098
XIII	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XI+XII)	,	(385,384,005)	(203,843,444)
	-			
XIV	Earnings Per Equity Share	1	l l	
	- For continuing operations			
	(a) Basic (In Rs.)	25	(3,853,840)	(2,038,554
	(b) Diluted (in Rs.)	25	(3,853,840)	(2,038,554)
		}		
		1		

For KNAV P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Atul Deskmakk Atul Deshmukh Partner Licensed in Georgia

Place: Atlanta Date: May 07, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Rane Precision Die Casting Inc

Harish Lakshman Director

S Parthasarothy Director

D Madhusedhan Director

Place: Hay 07, 2019

Place: Date: May 07, 2011

Place: Date: Hay 07, 2019

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Sagar Kota Financial controller & Secretary Place: Hay 67,2019

Place: Date: Hayo1,2019

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Rene Precision Die Casting Inc. Cash flow statements for the years ended March 31,	2019 and March 3:	1, 2018		(In Rs.)
		ear ended 31, 2019	For the Ye March 31	ar ended
A. Cash flow from operating activities		(354 DDB DE3)	·	(212.024.156)
Profit for the year Adjustments for :		(364,908,057)	_	(217,974,156)
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	38,950,598		28,429,379	_
(Gain) / Loss on disposal of property, plant and	30,330,330		20,723,373	•
equipment	750,931		(15,490,682)	•
Depreciation and Amortisation of non-current assets			, , ,	
(continuing and discontinued operations)	129,214,090		115,396,149	•
Provision for employee benefits (long term)	· -		9,600,481	4 4
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(195,992,441)		(80,038,830)
Movements in working capital :	02 270 620		E3 600 E1E	-
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) / decrease in inventories	93,378,630 7,320,982		54,638,515 (6,141,218)	-
(Increase) / decrease in inventuries (Increase) / decrease in other financial assets	3,121,885		14,260,628	-
(Increase) / decrease in other manual assets	(37,165,356)		12,095,859	_
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(2,606,507)		(36,229,699)	
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	4,531,002	ł	15,306,291	-
Increase / (decrease) in short term provisions	,		(1,578,112)	~
Increase / (decrease) in other liabilities	(35,057,921)	33,522,715	(34,544,568)	17,807,696
Cash generated from operations		(162,469,726)		(62,231,134)
Income Tax refund received		(1,199,136)		-
Net cash generated by operating activities		(161,270,591)		(62,231,134)
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B. Cash flow from investing activities	(106,366,835)	((81,666,720)	_
Payments for property, plant and equipment Net cash (used in) / generated by investing	[100/200/022]		(01,000,720)	
activities		(105,366,835)	ļ <u> </u>	(81,666,720)
accento.		(-1-/-1-//		
C. Cash flow from financing activities	}		ĺ	
	6 007 774		00.226.745	
Proceeds from borrowings	6,987,734 (15,426,471)	ľ	90,236,745 (17,506,251)	
Repayment of finance lease Repayment of debt	(34,938,692)		(17,300,231)	
Proceeds from equity	370,349,895		101,143,149	
Interest paid	(38,950,596)		(28,429,379)	
Not cash used in financing activities		288,021,071		145,444,264
-				
<u>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</u>		20,384,445		1,546,411
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3,221,919		1,648,966
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash		(0 070 740)		ne ean
and cash equivalents held in foreign currencies Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year		(2,379,517) 21,226,848	-	26,543 3,221,919
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year		21,220,040		3,221,313
For KNAV P.A.	For and on behal	f of the Board of Dir	ectors of Rane Precisi	011
Certified Public Accountants	Die Casting Inc.	1	h	1
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Atul Deshmukh	00017		IM only	
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Atul Deshmukh		ı S.Par thasarethy	D Madhusudhan	
Partner	Director	Director	Director	
Licensed in Georgia				
Place: Atjanta	Place:	Place:	Place:	
Place: Adama Date: May 07, 2019	Date: May 07,	Date: Hay ol,	Date: Hay 07,	
Date: may 07, 2019	,	Date, Mag Vi	. .	
	2019	7019	2019	
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		Brett Stevenson	Sagar Kota	
		President	Financial controller & S	ecretary
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		Place:	Place:	a
		Date: HO4 07, 2019	Date: May 07, 201	1

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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. Statements of Changes in Equity as on March 31,	, 2019 and	n March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018				(10.07)
		Reserves and Surplus	rrplus	Items of other comprehensive	omprehensive	(tall 1527)
Particulars	Share Capitaí	Share premium	Retained earnings	FOTR	Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	Total
Balance at March 31, 2017	6,834	201,939,547	(169,974,804)	(3,293,236)	25.434.518	54.112.860
2017-18 Profit for the year On issue of shares Income for the year, net of	-1-1	111,193,300		- 1 1	(10,479,075)	(193,081,346) 111,193,300 (10,479,075)
mount lox Movement In foreign exchange translation reserve Balance at March 31, 2018	6,834	313,132,847	(363,056,150)	(283,023)	14,955,443	(283,023)
2018-19 Profit for the year On issue of shares Other comprehensive income for the year, net of		369,505,500	(365,828,691)		(21,127,295)	(365,828,691) 369,505,500 (21,127,295)
Movement in foreign exchange translation reserve Balance at March 31, 2019	6,834	682,638,347	(728,884,841)	(1,571,982) (5,148,240)	(6,171,852)	(1,571,982) (57,559,752)
For KNAV P.A. Certified Public Accountants Att.l. Dulmuld. Attul Deshmukh Partner Ucensed in Georgia	For and ombefalf	Imperial of the Boa	falf of the Board of Directors of Rane Precision Die Casting Inc.	e Precision Die (Sasting Inc. My My My Director	
Place: Atlanta Date: May 07, 2019	Place: Date: Ma u	Place: Date: Ma y o 1, 2019	Place: Date: Mayo7,2019	<i>-</i>	Place: Mayo7, 2019	•
FOR IDENTITY OF STREET STREET	FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE KALEN PA.	·	Breft Stevenson Director Place: Date: 1/04 87, 2019	6	K. 2090 Sagar Kota Financial controller & Secretary Place: Date: May 01, 1019	3)

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. General Information

Rane Precision Die Casting, was acquired by Rane (Madras) International Holdings B.V. on February 17, 2016. It is based in Russellville, Kentucky, is a leading supplier of high-quality, lightweight aluminum die castings to the North American automotive market. The Company, originally founded in 1956, produces complex, thin-walled, low porosity, high-pressure aluminum die castings. The Company provides a comprehensive portfolio of aluminum die cast solutions for steering and compressor components, pumps and valve housings.

2. Summary of Significant accounting policies

Basis of Preparation 2.1

The financial statements are prepared under historical cost convention in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India and comply in all material respects with the accounting standards specified under the section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of the products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2

In view of the continued support from Rane (Madras) Limited (RML) (the ultimate holding company), the management considers that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Company has received funding from RML during the current year and previous year by way of infusion of equity for meeting the cash flow requirements. In March 2019, the RML board resolved to enhance the limit for investment in the Company through Rane Madras International Holdings, B.V. ('RMIH'), the Parent Company, from INR 69.18 crores (USD 10 million) to INR 138.36 crore (USD 20 million). The investment can be in the form of equity shares or preference shares or any other type of securities or capital Instruments Including any combination thereof in one or more tranches from time to time. The Company therefore, relies on support from RML in future to meet the Capex and working capital requirements.

2.3

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as of the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenues and expenses for the year and disclosure of contingent liabilities as of the Balance Sheet date.

Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates may result in outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities in future periods. Difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement in the year in which the results are known / materialised.

Fixed Assets & Depreciation

Fixed Assets are valued at cost, namely, cost of acquisition and other incidental expenses directly related to their installation / erection less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Capital work-in-progress comprises of the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the reporting date. Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefit from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Depreciation on tangible assets is generally computed on a pro-rata basis on the basis of the estimated life specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 under Straight Line Method. The useful life of assets prescribed in Schedule II of The Companies Act, 2013 are considered for the purpose of Computation of Depreciation. However, If the management's estimate of the useful life of a fixed asset at the time of acquisition of the asset or of the remaining useful life on a subsequent review is different from that envisaged in the aforesaid schedule, depreciation is provided at a such rate based on the useful life / remaining useful life as technically advised. Accordingly, depreciation is provided based on the useful life indicated below which is different from that stated in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

i ife 10 years or life of lease Assets Leasehold improvements 3-10 years Machinery & equipment 5-6.years Equipment under lease 3-4 years Molds 4-5 years Vehicles 3-5 years Computers and data processing equipment 1 years Maintenance tools

Depreciation charge on additions / deletions is restricted to the period of use.

Assessment is done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any Indication that an asset (tangible and intangible) may be impaired. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable company of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or Companie of assets, is considered as a cash generating unit. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset / cash generating unit is made. Assets whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. Assessment is also done at each Balance Sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

Borrowing Cost 2.5

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition / construction / production of qualifying assets (assets which require substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use) are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of weighted average cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories comprises of purchase cost, cost of conversion and other cost including manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing the inventory to present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.7

Revenues related to sale of products is recognized at a point in time when control of the product is transferred to the customer based on an overall assessment of the existence of a right to payment, the allocation of ownership rights, the transfer of physical possession and the transfer of risk and rewards. The Company recognizes revenue when control of the products is transferred i.e. when the products are shipped from the Company's facility, as agreed in the contract and the risk and rewards along-with legal title has transferred to the customer. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the trade discounts.

Ind AS 115 - Revenue from Contract with Customers: On 28 March, 2018, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Ind AS 115, Revenue from Contract with Customers. The core principle of the new standard is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Further the new standard requires enhanced disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from the entity's contracts with customers. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 is immaterial to the Company and the policy is defined in the para above.

2.8

Interest: Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking. Into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The benefit will be payable in the form of a lifetime pension until the earliest of: recovery, death or normal retirement date.

If a participant dies after he/she has become vested under the Plan but before he/she begins to receive a retirement pension benefit, his/her spouse will receive a 50% survivor benefit if he/she has been married at least one year.



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPLES

4. Defined Contribution Plans

The company has a 401k plan set up for its employees. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

5. Defined Benefit Plan

A participant is eligible for his normal retirement pension after the participant has attained age of 62 and terminates employment. A participant shall receive a monthly benefit payable at normal retirement age equal to:

- \$23:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from December 2003 to October 10, 2005; plus
- \$24:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 2005 to October 9, 2006; plus
- \$25:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 9, 2006, to October 8, 2007; plus
- \$26:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 5, 2007 to December 16, 2010; plus
- \$16:00 multiplied by benefit service after December 16, 2010.

The liability with regards to the Plan are determined by the actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each balance sheet date using projected unit cost method. The Company contributes all ascertained liabilities to the registered investment companies which are held under a separate trust through custodian, Charles Schwab, as permitted by the Department of Labor. The Company recognizes the net obligation of the Plan in the balance sheet as an asset or liability, respectively, in accordance with Accounting Standard 15, "Employee benefits". The Company's overall long term rate of return on assets has been determined based on the available market information and the historical and expected future investment trends of present and expected assets in the Plan. The discount rate is based on the Government securities yield or equivalent corporate bond. Remeasurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post employment are charged to the other comprehensive income.

2.10 Taxes on Income

Income taxes are accrued in the same period that the related revenue and expenses arise. A provision is made for income tax annually, based on the tax liability computed, after considering tax allowances and exemptions. Provisions are recorded when it is estimated that a liability due to disallowances or other matters is probable.

Deferred tax is recognised for all the timing differences, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets, if anv.

2.11 Investments

Investments which are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and quoted/fair value, computed category wise.Long Term Investments are stated at cost. Decline in value, if any, which is not considered temporary in nature, is provided for.

2.12 Research & Development Expenditure

Revenue expenditure on Research and Development is charged off in the year in which it is incurred. Capital expenditure on Research and Development is included under Fixed Assets.

2.13 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.



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2.14 Leases

Capital leases, which effectively transfer substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the lower of the fair value and present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and disclosed as leased assets. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability based on the implicit rate of return.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.15 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the period after deducting equity dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.17 Foreign currency transactions and translations

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The functional currency of the company is United States Dollars ('USD'). However, the financial statements are presented in INR for consolidation with the parent company and therefore is the presentation currency of the Company.

The results and financial position of the Company, which have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case incomes and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.18 Standards issued but not yet effective

On 30 March, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has notified the Ind AS 116, Leases to be effective from financial years beginning on or after April 01, 2019. The core principle of the new standard is that an entity should recognize long term operating leases in the balance sheet as right of use assets and recognise liability for future lease payments. Further the new standard requires enhanced disclosures about the nature, amount and timing of cash flows that will outflow from the entity's contracts with lessors. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 116 is still being considered by the Company.



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(In Rs.)	Equipments under finance lease finance lease 143,672,909 (1,989,198) (1,989,198) 8,840,393 8,840,393 152,513,302 (In Rs.)	AD Equipments under finance lease 96,414,421 96,414,421 17,867,792 129,214,089 120,036,414 427,370,609 32,476,888 416,651,715 32,476,888
82 7. 2 8 24 5 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Office Equipment Vehicles Equipm 18,741,191 32,585 1 1,245 2,005 1,28,082 19,980,518 34,590 1	AD Office AD Vehicles under Equipment 22,628 4,652,840 22,628 1,286 221,226 34,590 11,394,409 34,590 9,957 8,586,109
at Asat Asat Asat Asat Asat Asat Asat As	Plant and Office equipment 537,448,580 1 88,490,361 (1,989,198) 52,688,438 676,638,182	ant AD Plant and equipment 182,153,662 (1,238,267) 104,815,278 10,174,523 295,905,196 355,294,918 380,732,986
Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment and Capital Work-inplant and equipment Plant and equipment Vehicles Equipments under finance lease Sub-Total Sub-Total 455	Capital Work in Progress Total Particulars Additions Disposals Disposals Contract of Arreign Currency exchange differences	Balance at 31-Mar-2019 Accumulated depreciation and impairment Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at 31-Mar-2018 Eliminated on disposals Depreciation expense Effect of foreign currency exchange differences Effect of foreign currency exchange differences Carrying amount as on March 31, 2018 Carrying amount as on March 31, 2019

Non-current	Rane Precision Die Casting Inc.			Tuerrant	(In Rs.)
11,378,266	ote 3 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Particulars	I 	rent March 31, 2018	<u>'</u>	arch 31,
Non-current Assets Non-current March 31, 2018 March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018 March 31, 2019 Apple 32, 222, 980 2,02,47,238 2,0	(a) Rent deposit (b) Other deposits Margin money Deposits	58,803 11,378,266 6,485,625 17,922,694	19,795,388 19,795,388	5	
Ion Financial Assets Language of considered good unless otherwise stated: 11,817,693 13,222,980 2,05,424 2,0 vances paid to suppliers spended improvements 2,205,424 2,0 spaid Expenses 7,354,726 2,0 ly Unsecured and Considered Good 36,645,338 31,546,856 119,061 Advances 21,537,903 44,769,836 21,926,449 4,0	制	Non-co	nrent March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	ent March 31, 2018
ses rerable in kind or for value to be received a 36,645,338 a 31,546,856 a 21,926,449 a,0	lon Financial Assets red and considered good unless otherwise sta vances paid to suppliers	11,817,693	13,222,980	12,247,238	2,037,681 - 2,008,664
36,645,338 31,546,856	(c) Prepaid Expenses (d) Advance recoverable in kind or for value to be received (h) Advance recoverable in kind or for value to be received	1 1	1 1		25,607
	Loans to employees Capital Advances Tooling cost recoverable	36,645,338 21,537,903 70,000,934	31,546,856 - 44,769,836		4,071,952



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(In Rs.)

	As at	As at
Note 5 INVENTORIES	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
(At lower of cost and net realisable value)		
(a) Raw materials	16,781,272	19,885,702
(b) Work-in-process	66,048,769	61,135,817
(c) Finished goods	3,665,659	1,886,791
(d) Stores and spares	84,303,313	84,818,183
	170,799,013	167,726,493

Note 6 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks, cheques and drafts on hand. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
(a) Balances with banks (including deposits with original maturity upto 3 months)	<u> Mariana.</u>	
(i) In Current account	21,162,611	3,214,493
(b) Cash on hand	64,237	7,427
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per balance sheet	21,226,848	3,221,919



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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS		(In Rs.)
Note 7 TRADE RECEIVABLES	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Secured, considered good Unsecured, considered good	248,289,466.00	- 320,985,543 -
Doubtful	248,289,466	320,985,543
Sub -Total Allowance for doubtful debts (expected credit loss allowance)		
Allowance for doubtful debts (expected credit loss diletters)	248,289,466	320,985,543
	248,289,466	320,985,543
Current		<u>-</u>

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The Company follows the specific identification method for recognizing provision for doubtful accounts. Management analyzes composition of the accounts receivable aging, historical bad debts, current economic trends and customer credit worthiness of each accounts receivable when evaluating the adequacy of the provision for doubtful accounts.

(In Rs.)

	(111 K31)
As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
248,289,466	316,817,400
-	4,168,143
248,289,466	320,985,543
Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
<u>-</u>	
	March 31, 2019 248,289,466 248,289,466 Year ended



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8 CURRENT TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Current Tax Assets Advance payment of Tax and Tax Deducted at Source	-	<u> </u>
Advance Fringe benefits tax Total		
Current Tax Liabilities	-	1,977,010
Income Tax payable Others	 	1,977,010
Total		



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		(In Rs.)
Note 9 EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
AUTHORISED: Equity Shares: 100 Equity Shares of \$ 1 each	6,834	6,834
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID UP 100 Equity Shares of \$ 1 each fully paid-up (INR 68.34)	6,834	6,834
	6,834	6,834

The Company has one class of equity share having a par value of \$ 1 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend when proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General meeting. Repayment of capital on liquidation will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

6,834 **6,834**

100 **100**

6,834 **6,834**

100 **100**

Amount (Rs.)

No of Shares

Amount (Rs.)

No of Shares

Equity Shares of \$ 1 each fully paid up (INR 68.34)

At the beginning of the period At the end of the period

Reconciliation of number of shares

9.1 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent of equity shares in the company:

		Numbe	Number of shares held as at	
lame of the Share holder	March 31, 201	וסו	March	March 31, 2018
	Nos.	%	Nos.	%
(Madras) International Holdings	100	100.00%	100	100.00%



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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In Rs.)

Note 10 OTHER EQUITY	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Other Comprehensive income	(6,171,852)	14,955,443
Securities Premium reserve	682,638,347	313,132,847
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(5,148,240)	(3,576,258)
Retained Earnings	(728,884,841)	
Treedings Larrange	(57,566,586)	(38,544,118)

The general reserve is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss.

	Year ended March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
(a) Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening balance	14,955,443	25,434,518
Add :Addition during the year	(21,127,29 <u>5</u>)	(10,479,075)
Closing balance	(6,171,852)	14,955,443
(b) Securities Premium Account		
Opening balance	313,132,847	201,939,547
Add :Addition during the period	369,505,500	111,193,300
Closing balance	682,638,347	313,132,847
(c) Retained Earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(363,056,150)	(169,974,804)
Profit attributable to the owners of the company	(365,828,691)	(193,081,346)
Balance at the end of the year	(728,884,841)	(363,056,150)
(d) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		_
Opening Balance	(3,576,258)	(3,293,236)
Movement during the year	(1,571,982)	(283,023)
Closing	(5,148,240)	(3,576,258)
Total	(57,566,586)	(38,544,118)



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In Rs.)

	Non-Curre	ent Portion
Note 11 BORROWINGS	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Secured - at amortised cost		
i). Term Loans	69,179,978.00	97,755,000.00
- from banks	69,179,978	97,755,000
Total		
The above amount includes	69,179,978	97,755,000
Secured Borrowings Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities"	(46,120,023)	l
	23,059,955	65,170,000
Net amount		<u> </u>

Summary of borrowing arrangements

(i) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company obtained a term loan of INR 130,340,000 (\$ 2,000,000) from Export-Import Bank of India ("EXIM bank") bearing a variable interest rate of 6 month LIBOR +375 basis points quarterly payable. The loan is secured against all moveable property, plant and equipment, current assets of Rane Precision Die Casting, Inc. and shares of the Company held by Rane (Madras) International Holdings B.V. The said loan is repayable in 12 equal quarterly instalments starting from October 2018.

	Current	Portion
Note 11 BORROWINGS	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Secured - at amortised cost ii) Working capital loan	518,850,000 518,850,000	482,258,000 482,258,00 0

Summary of borrowing arrangements

The Company had obtained a working capital loan and has balance outstanding of INR 518,850,000 (\$ 7,500,000) as at March 31, 2019. The loan bears a variable interest rate of 6 month LIBOR +375 basis points and is payable on a quarterly basis. The loan is secured against all moveable property, plant and equipment, current assets of the Company and shares of the Company held by Rane (Madras) International Holdings B.V.



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

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Rane Precision Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		(In Rs.)
Note 12 TRADE PAYABLES	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
T-	248,177,355	222,663,988
TOTAL	248,177,355	222,663,988

There are no dues to enterprises as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 which is on the basis of such parties having been identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors. (In Rs.)

	tre-rich A	Irrent	Current	ent
	1.	Ac at	Λsat	As at
Note 13 OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
7-7 T-Learner Comment And Alle on horrowings			4,336,660	3,917,755
(a) Interest accrued but 110t due oil boillowings	1	•	5,769,044	26,625,351
(b) Employee related liabilities	•	1	46,120,023	32,585,000
(c) Current maturities of rolls commercially		1	56,225,727	63,128,106
				(In Rs.)
	Non-c	Non-current	Current	ent
	+ 0 0 V	Δς at	Asat	As at
Note 14 OTHER LIABILITIES	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
(a) Statutory remittances (Contributions to PF and ESIC, Withholding			A 540 753	2 075 543
Taxes, Excise Duty, VAT, Service Tax, etc.)	,	•	CC / O+C /+	2,0,0,0,0
(b) Tooling advance received from customers	1		יום משני מוד ד	137272721
(c) Defined benefit plan obligation	• 1	1 00 00	150,008,251	000/20/
(d) Finance lease	666,740	12,725,380	010 310 C1	14 387 255
Current maturities of finance lease	1	_	12,040,310	CC2, \OC. +1
TOTAL	666,740	12,726,380	171,348,522	161,253,008
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NOTE 15 DEFERRED TAX BALANCES

(in Rs.)

	Balance	Sheet
Deferred tax liability (net)	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Deferred tax relates to the following:		
Fixed assets or property, plant & equipment Loan Processing Fees Accrued bonus Inventory reserve Inventory Capital lease adjustments Interest disallowance u/s 163(j) Net operating losses Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	(74,891,971) 42,288 129,453 2,536,889 186,382 3,371,657 20,722,949 177,067,841 (129,165,488)	(77,273,582) - - 2,267,457 1,279,595 6,548,660 10,124,019 95,050,532 (37,996,681)
Deferred tax liability	_	

Major components of deferred tax for the year ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018:

Deferred tax expense/(income)	Statement of Pi	rofit and Loss
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Deferred tax relates to the following:		
Fixed assets or property, plant & equipment	7,136,361	24,929,372
Loan Processing Fees	42,288	
Accrued bonus	129,453	(232,828)
Inventory reserve	129,912	(259,265)
Inventory	(1,171,949)	(580,420)
Capital lease adjustments	(3,579,951)	(8,451,865)
•	9,975,985	10,124,019
Interest disallowance u/s 163(j)	76,168,719	35,869,255
Net operating losses	1	(37,996,681)
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	(88,830,819)	
Deferred tax expense/(income)		23,401,586
Net deferred tax assets/ (liabilities)		23,401,586
the state of the s	March 31 2019	March 31, 2018

Deferred tax in the balance sheet as follows	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets	204,057,459	115,270,263
Deferred tax disacts Deferred tax liabilities:	(74,891,971)	(77,27 <u>3,582)</u>
Deferred tax liabilities, net	129,165,488	37,996,681
Valuation Allowance	(129,165,488)	(37,996,681)
Net Deferred tax	-	-
Net Deferred tax		

Reconciliation of deferred tax liabilities (net)	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Opening balance	-	(23,401,550)
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in profit or loss	-	23,401,550
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI Adjustment to general reserve [Refer note 21(a)]	- -	-
Foreign currency translation reserve Closing balance	-	

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NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS		(In Rs.)
NOTE 16 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
16.1 Disaggregated revenue information (a) Sales of Products - aluminium castings	1,788,337,455	1,768,104,655
(b) Other operating revenues - Tools	21,656,128 33,649,340	70,919,535 19,717,700
- Scrap sales Total revenue from operations	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,890
	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
16.2 Timing of Revenue recognition	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,89
Products transferred at a time Total revenue from operations	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,890
	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
16.3 Contract balances Trade Receivables (Refer Note 7)	248,289,466 248,289,466	320,985,54 320,985,54 3

The above table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

Note 17 OTHER INCOME	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Other non-operating income (net of expenses directly attributable		
to such income)	9,399,435	1,930,440
 Others (aggregate of immaterial items) 	9,399,435	1,930,440
		W. == andad
Note 18 CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF WORK IN PROGRESS AND FINISHED GOODS	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Opening Stock:	5: 405 047	E0 407 400
Work-in-process	61,135,817	50,497,409 8,332,114
Finished goods	1,000,751	0,002,== :
Closing Stock:	66 048 760	61,135,817
Work-in-process	66,048,769 3,665,659	1,886,791
	3,003,033	2,002,00
Finished goods		



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Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
690,235,741	657,700,648
124,405,478	175,005,318
2,541,454	821,074
817,182,673	833,527,041
Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
	March 31, 2019 690,235,741 124,405,478 2,541,454 817,182,673 Year ended

Finance costs relating to financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss are included in 'Other

Interest on bank overdrafts and loans (other than those from

Interest costs:

related parties)

Note 21 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment pertaining to		
continuing operations	129,214,089	115,396,149
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	129,214,089	115,396,149

28,429,379

28,429,379

38,950,596 **38,950,596**

Note 22 OTHER EXPENSES	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Auditors' Remuneration	1,721,917	2,535,459
Bank charges	836,023	2,417,442
Commission to Selling Agents	4,527,007	3,264,502
Consumption of stores and spares	123,399,033	131,540,178
Donations	104,816	-
Loss on sale of assets	750,931	_
Insurance	23,837,411	15,780,935
Information Systems	5,361,504	8,111,777
Power and Fuel	140,307,152	109,283,284
Packing, Despatching and Freight	71,887,771	83,795,974
Professional Charges	19,482,066	20,185,202
Printing and Stationery	655,643	10,397
Rates and Taxes, excluding taxes on income	14,270,699	15,401,797
Rent expense	15,184,052	15,566,340
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Plant and Machinery	121,995,406	77,818,516
- Others	23,084,497	20,888,768
Telephone	3,259,802	2,581,383
Travelling and Conveyance	6,233,981	3,115,986
Leasehold Land Ammortisation	2,241,282	2,056,513
Miscellaneous Expenses	4,855,785	3,388,399
	583,996,778	517,742,851

FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

NOTE 23 INCOME AND DEFERRED TAXES

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 are :

(in Rs.) Statement of profit and loss: Year ended March 31, Year ended March 31, 2018 Statement of profit or loss 2019 Current income tax : (1,748,052)920,634 Current income tax charge (including taxes for earlier years) **Deferred tax** (23,144,758)Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences (24,892,810) 920,634 Tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss Year ended March 31, Year ended March 31, Other comprehensive income (OCI) 2018 2019 Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI: Net loss/(gain) on revaluation of cash flow hedges 2,780,939 (1,284,636)Net loss/(gain)on re-measurement of defined benefit plans (2,780,939)1,284,636 DTA - Not recognised Tax charged to OCI

Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018

2019 and March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Accounting profit before tax from operations	(360,779,484)	(242,143,746)
Accounting profit before income tax At US statutory income tax rate of 21% Permanent Difference Temporary Difference NOL's	(75,763,692) 87,604 (10,169,655) 1,398,736	457,748
DTA - Not recognised At the effective income tax rate Tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	85,367,639 920,634 920,634	40,360,641 (24,892,821) (24,892,810)



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

NOTE 24 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Basic Earnings per share From continuing operations		(3,853,840)	
Total basic earnings per share		(3,853,840)	(2,038,554)
Diluted Earnings per share			
From continuing operations		(3,853,840)	
Total diluted earnings per share		(3,853,840)	(2,038,554)

Basic Earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows.

Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share		
form continuing operations	(385 <u>,</u> 384,005)	(203,84 <u>3,444</u>)

	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
(a) Number of equity Shares of \$ 1 each outstanding at the end of the year	100	100
(b) Weighted Average number of Equity Shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	100	100

Diluted Earnings per share

The earnings used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as follows.

Title carrilles asea in the calculation of anatea carrilles per share as ion		
	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Earnings used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	(365,828,691)	(193,081,346)

The weighted average number of equity shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share reconciles to the weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2017
Weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of	100	100
basic earnings per share	100	100



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Note 25 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is engaged in the activities related to manufacture and supply of auto components for transportation industry and the Chief Operating Decision Maker (Board of Directors) review the operating results as a whole for purposes of making decisions about resources to be allocated and assess its performance, the entire operations are to be classified as a single business segment, namely components for transportation industry. The geographical segments considered for disclosure are – India and Rest of the World. All the manufacturing facilities are located in United States of America:

Reportable Segment : One product segment - Auto components for transportation industry **25.1 Geographical Information**

The Company's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets** by location of operations are detailed below.

	Revenue from external customers		Non - current assets**	
	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
India	-			
Rest of World	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,890	544,646,794	458,494,444
Total	1,843,642,923	1,858,741,890	544,646,794	458,494,444

^{**} Non-current assets are used in the operations of the Company to generate revenues outside India.

25.2 Information about major customers

Included in revenues arising from direct sales of Rs.175.07 Cr (2017-18: 187.44 Cr) are revenues of approximately Rs. 155.87 Cr (2017-18: Rs. 171.58 Cr) which arose from sales to the Company's largest customers. No other single customers contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue for both 2018-19 and 2017-18.



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPES.

Rane Precision Die Casting Inc.

NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

NOTE 26 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

A. Defined contribution plans

The company has a 401k plan set up for its employees. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified In the rules of the schemes.

B. Defined benefit plans:

A participant is eligible for his normal retirement pension after the participant has attained age of 62 and terminates employment. A participant shall receive a monthly benefit payable at normal retirement age equal to:

- \$23:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from December 2003 to October 10, 2005; plus
- \$24:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 2005 to October 9, 2006; plus
- \$25:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 9, 2006, to October 8, 2007; plus
- \$26:00 multiplied by years of benefit service from October 5, 2007 to December 16, 2010; plus
- \$16:00 multiplied by benefit service after December 16, 2010.

The benefit will be payable in the form of a lifetime pension until the earliest of: recovery, death or normal retirement date.

If a participant dies after he/she has become vested under the Plan but before he/she begins to receive a retirement pension benefit, his/her spouse will receive a 50% survivor benefit if he/she has been married at least one year.

The liability with regards to the Plan are determined by the actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each balance sheet date using projected unit cost method. The Company contributes all ascertained liabilities to the registered investment companies which are held under a separate trust through custodian, Charles Schwab, as permitted by the Department of Labor.

The Company is exposed to various risks in providing the above gratulty benefit which are as follows:

Interest Rate risk: The plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in Interest rates. A fall in interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in thevalue of the liability (as shown in financial statements).

Investment Risk: The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

Salary Escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liabilty.

Demographic Risk: The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.

Particulars	Pension (Funded)		
	2018-19	2017-18	
N. I. I. I. of the year	363,501,446	343,415,830	
Present Value of obligations at the beginning of the year	7,796,844	6,778,069	
Current service cost	15,239,549	13,834,260	
Interest Cost			
Re-measurement (gains)/losses:	6,554,774	1,148,134	
- Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment	8,724,815	5,429,029	
- Actuarlal gains and losses arising from financial assumptions	(11,294,624)	(9,263,640	
Benefits pald	22,097,086	2,159,764	
Foreign currency translation adjustment Present Value of obligations at the end of the year	412,619,890	363,501,446	



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

Pair value of plan assets at beginning of year Interest Income Pay 594,508 R.470,717 Interest Income Pay 594,508 R.470,717 Interest Income Pay 594,508 R.470,717 Interest Income Pay 594,608 Pay 60,606,671 Pay 60,606,677 Pay			Į.
Pair value of plan assets at beginning of year Interest Income	Changes in the fair value of planned assets	228,853,514	210,274,121
Interest Income	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		8,470,717
Contributions from the employer	Interest Income		- [
Contributions from the employer	Expected Return on plan assets	23 643 137	21,767,874
Benefits Paid Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income (3,786,914)	Contributions from the employer		
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	Renefits Pald		(3,786,914)
Actuarial gain/ (loss) on plan assets Foreign currency translation adjustment Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in the balance sheet Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in profit or loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss Current service cost Net Interest Expense Past service cost Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment 6,060,671 Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senlor Manager & Above 13,29,3175 1,391,356 228,853,514 (134,647,932) 1346,6	Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	(0,200,=1	-
Protein currency translation adjustment 258,659,039 228,853,514 Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year (153,960,851) (134,647,932) (412,619,890) (363,501,446) (36	Actuarial gain/ (loss) on plan assets	13.923.175	1,391,356
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year (153,960,851) (134,647,932) Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet (412,619,890) (363,501,446)	Foreign currency translation adjustment		228,853,514
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in the balance sheet Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss Current service cost Net Interest Expense Past service cost Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: - Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above (412,619,890) 228,853,514 (153,960,851) (134,647,932) (134,	Eair Value of plan assets at the end of the year		(134,647,932)
Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in the balance sheet Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss Current service cost Net Interest Expense Past service cost Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: - Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 228,853,514 (134,647,932) (153,960,851) (15	Amounts recognized in the Balance Sneet		(363,501,446)
Fair value of plan assets at end of the year Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in the balance sheet Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss Current service cost Net Interest Expense Past service cost Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: - Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above (153,960,851) (134,647,932) (179,689 5,645,041 5,363,543 12,141,612 15,279,589 6,577,163 6,577,163 6,060,671 3,786,914 16,060,671 3,786,914 17,2018 17,2019 18,2019 19,2019 10,364,077 10,006 10,00% 10,00% 10,00% 10,00%	Projected benefit obligation at the end of the year	, , ,	228,853,514
Funded status of the plans – Liability recognised in the balance sheet Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss Current service cost Net Interest Expense Past service cost Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: - Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above A,7796,844 6,778,069 7,796,844 7,796,	I role value of plan assets at end of the Year	, , , I	(134,647,932)
Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit of 1635 7,796,844 6,778,069 5,645,041 5,363,543 5,645,041 5,363,543	lead status of the plans - Lightlity recognised in the parameter	(133,500,022,	
Current service cost 5,645,041 5,363,543 Net Interest Expense 13,441,885 12,141,612	Components of defined benefit cost recognised in profit or loss	7.796.844	6,778,069
Net Interest Expense	Current service cost		5,363,543
Net Cost in Profit or Loss Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive income Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: - Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustment Return on plan assets Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income Assumptions Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above Net Comprehensive in Other Comprehensive Income March 31,2019 March 31,2018 3.75% 3.91% 3.91% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%			
Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive Health Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:	Past service cost	13,441,885	12,141,612
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability 15,279,589 6,577,163 6,060,671 3,786,914 6,060,671 3,786,914 7,840,260	Net Cost in Profit or Loss Other Comprehensive income		
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability 15,279,589 6,577,163 6,060,671 3,786,914 6,060,671 3,786,914 7,840,260	Components of defined benefit cost recognised in Other Comprehensive		
Return on plan assets 21,340,260 10,364,077 Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income March 31,2019 March 31,2018 Assumptions 3.75% 3.91% Expected Return on Plan Assets 3.75% 3.91% Discount rate 5.75% 3.91% Expected rate of salary increases 0.00% 0.00% Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%	In among transport on the net defined benefit liduity.	15,279,589	
Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income March 31,2019 March 31,2018 Assumptions 3.75% 3.91% Expected Return on Plan Assets 3.75% 3.91% Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases 0.00% 0.00% Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%	- Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience augustinent	6,060,671	• •
Assumptions 3.75% 3.91% Expected Return on Plan Assets 3.75% 3.91% Discount rate 3.75% 3.91% Expected rate of salary increases 0.00% 0.00% Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%	Return on plan assets	21,340,260	10,364,077
Assumptions 3.75% 3.91% Expected Return on Plan Assets 3.75% 3.91% Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases 0.00% 0.00% Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%	Net Income / (Cost) in Other Comprehensive Income		
Expected Return on Plan Assets Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 3.75% 3.91% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		March 31,2019	
Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%		3.75%	3.91%
Discount rate Expected rate of salary increases Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00%	Expected Return on Plan Assets	3.75%	3.91%
Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	Discount rate	317370	
Executives Managers & Below / Senior Manager & Above 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	Expected rate of salary increases		0.000/
0,557		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
		0.00%	0.00%
Operators	Operators		
Expected rate of attrition 90% of 2003 SoA 90% of 2003 SoA	Expected rate or attrition	90% of 2003 SoA	90% of 2003 SoA
Rate of Employee Turnover 90% of 2003 SoA 90% of 2003 SoA 90% of 2003 SoA	Rate of Employee Turnover		CDAT Table
1 =	1	I SPAT Table	SPAT TODIC

The company has generally invested the plan assets with the insurer managed funds. The Insurance company has invested the plan assets In Government Securities, Debt Funds, Equity shares, Mutual Funds, Money Market Instruments and Time Deposits. The expected rate of return on plan asset is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on Investments of the fund during the estimated term of the obligation.

Significant actuarial assumptions for the detemination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

March 31,2019	March 31,2018
412,619,890 (29,625,989) 30,981,018	363,501,446 (27,341,487) 27,812,014
	412,619,890 (29,625,989)

Please note that the sensitivity analysis have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the projected benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the projected benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same method as applied in calculating the projected benefit obligation as recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

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NOTE 27 FINANCIALS INSTRUMENTS

27.1 Capital management

The company manages it's capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The company isn't subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt and total equity of the Company.

27.1.1 Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

The gearing ratio at t	ne end o	r the r	eportii	ng perio	u was	as rollo	W5.										(In Rs.)
Particulars		•			*		1.			10 H			٠.	M	As at arch 31, 20	19	As at March 31, 2018
Debt *								_	_						588,029,9	78	580,013,000
Cash and bank balance	os (incli	idina a	cach ai	nd bank	haland	es in a	dispos	al Com	nanv	held	for sa	le)		L	21,226,8	348	3,221,919
Net debt	es (incid	Juniy (Cosii oi	אוום טטווג	Datan	ccs iii u	dispos		,			,			566,803,1	30	576,791,081
Equity															(57,559,7	52)	(38,537,284)
•															-	.	-
Hedging reserve Total Equity**															(57,559,7	52)	(38,537,284)
Net debt to equity rat	lo														-984.72	2%	-1496.70%

Debt is defined as long-term and short-term borrowings (excluding derivatives and financial guarantee contracts).

Equity includes all capital and reserved of the company that are managed as capital.

27.1.2 Categories of financial instruments	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
Financial assets		ı
Measured at amortised cost (a) Cash and bank balances (including cash and bank balances in a disposal Company held for sale)	21,226,848	3,221,919
(b) Other financial assets at amortised cost (including trade receivables in a disposal Company held for sale)	248,289,466	320,985,543
Financial liabilities Measured at amortised cost (including trade payables balance in a disposal Company held for		
sale) Trade payables	248,177,355	222,663,988

27.2 Interest rate risk management

The company's exposure to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management.

27.3 Credit risk management

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased. (Refer Note 7)

27.4 Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the company's short-term, medium-term and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. Note 39.10.2 below sets out details of additional undrawn facilities that the Company has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk.



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27.5 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

Except as detailed in the following table, the directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements approximate their fair values. As at

As at

	As a March 31		March 31	l, 2018
Particulars	Carrying amount		Carrying amount	Fair value
	Carrying amount			
inancial assets				320,985,543
inancial assets at amortised cost:	248,289,466	248,289,466	320,985,543	19,795,388
- Trade receivables		-	19,795,388	19,795,300
- others				
Financial liabilities				22 505 000
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:	46,120,023	46,120,023	32,585,000	32,585,000
Bank Borrowings and cash credit	248,177,355	248,177,355	222,663,988	222,663,988
Trade payables	4,336,660	4,336,660	3,917,755	3,917,75
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	,		
Financial Lease payables				
Fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2019		Level 2	Level 3	otal
Particulars	Level 1	Level Z	1201014	
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortised cost:			248,289,466	248,289,466
Trade receivables			· -	-
Interest accrued but not due on deposits, loans and etc.				
Financial Lease receivables			248,289,466	248,289,460
Total				
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:			46,120,023	46,120,023
Bank loans			248,177,355	248,177,35
Trade payables			4,336,660	4,336,66
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings			1/050/000	-
Financial Lease payables			298,634,038	298,634,03
Total			230,034,030	
21 2018				Total
Fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2018 Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	i Otai
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortised cost:			320,985,543	320,985,54
Typida receivables			520,500,5	_
- Trade receivables - Interest accrued but not due on deposits, loans and etc.				
Financial Lease receivables			320,985,543	320,985,54
Total	_		320/302/0	
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities held at amortised cost:			32,585,000	32,585,00
Bank loans			222,663,988	222,663,9
Trade payables			3,917,755	3,917,7
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings				5,517,77
Financial Lease payables			259,166,743	259,166,7
Total			259,100,745	233/100/
Total				

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 2 and level 3 categories above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.



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NOTE 28 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) Holding Company Rane (Madras) Limited (Ultimate Holdings B.V. Rane (Madras) Limited (Ultimate Holding Company) Rane Holdings Limited Rane Holdings America Inc. Rane Brake Linings Limited	(a) Names of related	a) Names of related parties and nature of relationship:	<u>idit</u>
<u> </u>	(i) Holding Company		Rane (Madras) International Holdings B.V.
			Rane (Madras) Limited (Ultimate Holding Company)
			Rane Holdings Limited
Rane Brake Linings Limited	(ii) Fellow subsidiaries		Rane Holdings America Inc.
			Rane Brake Linings Limited

(b) The above information regarding related parties have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

DIVINO	֓֓֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֜֓֜֓֓֓֓֓֜֓֜֓֓֓֓֜֓֜֓֓֓֓֡֓֜֓֡֓֜֡֓֜
NOTENANCE	

(c) TRANSACTIONS / BALANCES														(In Rs.)
Description	Holding Company	ing sany	Fellow Subsidiary	ibsidiary	КМР		Relatives of KMP	s of ri	Enterprise over which KMP / relatives exercise significant influence		Other related parties under common control	lated Inder control	Total	al
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019 2018 2019 2018	2018	610		2019 20	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Transactions during the year													į	
Professional Charges	2,566,317	9,659,279 3,764,995 3,590,517	3,764,995	3,590,517				i					6,331,312	6,331,312 13,249,795
Balance as at Year End														
Payables	1,047,263	2,557,475	2,557,475 3,704,312 3,199,977	3,199,977									4,751,575	5,757,452
Fellow Subsidiary														

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FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

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NOTE 29 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

29.1 The Company as lessee

29.1.1 Leasing arranangement

Operating leases relate to leases of land with lease terms of between 5-10 yrs . All operating lease contracts over 5 years contain clauses for 5-yearly market rental review .The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased land at the expiry of the lease periods.

29.1.2 Non-cancellable operating lease commitments

		(In Rs.)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Not later than 1 year	5,059,618	5,056,214
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	3,671,245	5,056,214
Later than 5 years		-
	8,730,863	10,112,428
NOTE 30 COMMITMENTS		(In Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	(In Rs.) As at March 31, 2018



FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE

Place: Atlanta Date: May 07, 2019 Partner Licensed in Georgia For KNAV P.A.
Certified Public Accountants Azid Deshmidd Indigenous II) Stores and Spare Parts Indigenous (a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt
(b) Guarantees excluding financial guarantees
(c) Other money for which the company is contingently liable Atul Desharukh Raw Materials b) Value of indigenous raw materials, components and spares consumed and percentage of each to the total consumption: Note 32 Additional information to Financial statements Particulars Particulars Note 31 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Rane Predsion Die Casting Inc. NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS Particulars Raw materials consumed :
Alluminium Alloy Contingent Liabilities <u>POTTIONAL INFORMATION TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> SE TIAMA GE FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE CAMP PA Place: Date: May o 7, Harish Lakshman Director For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Rane Precision 123,399,033 778,697,132 655,298,099 Value Brett Stevenson.
Director March 31, 2019 Place: Date: Hay p7, S Parthasarathy Director Place: May o?, As at March 31, 2019 As at March 31, 2019 Percentage 655,298,099 655,298,099 6102 16% 848 8 7019 Sagar Koba Financial controller & Secretary Place: Hay 07, 2019 D Madhusudhan Director Place: 104 07, 2019 (In Rs.) As at March 31, 2018 As at March 31, 2018 587,744,152 587,744,152 131,540,178 719,284,330 Value 587,744,152 (In Rs.) March 31, 2018 Percentage 100% 82**%**